UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK		
	X	
TERRANCE THOMPSON,	· · · ·	
Pla	aintiff,	COMPLAINT
-against-		PLAINTIFF DEMANDS TRIAL BY JURY
THE CITY OF NEW YORK, POLICE O	OFFICER	
LEONARD CLARKE, Shield #27183, I		
OFFICERS JANE/JOHN DOE(S) #s 1-	10,	
De	fendants.	
	X	

PLAINTIFF TERRANCE THOMPSON, by his attorney DAVID A. ZELMAN, ESQ., for his COMPLAINT, alleges upon information and belief, as follows:

#### I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

1. This is a civil rights action in which TERRANCE THOMPSON (hereinafter "Plaintiff") seek damages to redress the deprivation, under color of state law, of rights secured to him under the Fourth, Fifth, and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution. On or about April 19, 2013, at approximately 3:00 P.M. at or near the intersection of Sutter Avenue and Rutland Road in Brooklyn, NY, Plaintiff was falsely arrested, excessively detained, and illegally strip searched by Defendants, including but not limited to POLICE OFFICER LEONARD CLARKE, Shield #27183, and POLICE OFFICERS JANE/JOHN DOE(S) (hereinafter "Defendants"). It is alleged that Defendants falsely arrested, detained and searched Plaintiff in violation of his constitutional rights. As a result of the violation of his constitutional rights, Plaintiff suffered physical and mental injuries.

#### II. JURISDICTION

2. Jurisdiction is conferred upon this Court by 28 U.S.C. § 1343(3) and (4), which provides for original jurisdiction in this court of all suits brought pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983, and by 28 U.S.C. §1331, which provides jurisdiction over all cases brought pursuant to the Constitution and laws of the United States. This Court has pendant jurisdiction over Plaintiff's state law claims.

#### III. PARTIES

- Plaintiff TERRANCE THOMPSON at all times relevant hereto resided in Kings County,
   New York.
- 4. Defendant CITY OF NEW YORK (hereinafter "CITY") is a municipal corporation, incorporated pursuant to the laws of the State of New York, which operates the New York City Police Department (hereinafter "NYPD"), and as such is the public employer of the Defendant officers herein.
- 5. Defendant POLICE OFFICER LEONARD CLARKE, Shield #27183 (hereinafter "CLARKE") was an NYPD police officer, and at all times relevant hereto, acted in that capacity as agent, servant, and/or employee of Defendant CITY and within the scope of his employment. CLARKE is sued in his official and individual capacity.
- 6. Defendants POLICE OFFICERS JANE/JOHN DOE(S) (hereinafter "DOE(S)") were NYPD police officers, and at all relevant times hereto, acted in that capacity as agents, servants, and/or employees of Defendant CITY and within the scope of his employment. DOE(S) are sued in his official and individual capacity.
- 7. At all relevant times hereto, Defendants were acting under the color of state and local law. Defendants are sued in their individual and official capacities. At all relevant times

hereto, Defendant CITY was responsible for making and enforcing the policies of NYPD and was acting under the color of law, to wit, under the color of the statutes, ordinances, regulations, policies, customs and usages of the State of New York and/or the City of New York.

#### IV. FACTS

- 8. On or about April 19, 2013, at approximately 3:00 P.M., Plaintiff was lawfully at or near the intersection of Sutter Avenue and Rutland Road in Brooklyn, NY.
- 9. New York City Police Officers, including but not limited to defendant CLARKE, approached Plaintiff, stopped him, and searched his person. Despite finding no contraband on Plaintiff's person, the officers handcuffed and arrested Plaintiff.
- 10. Plaintiff was placed in a vehicle and detained in the van for approximately 4 to 5 hours while the van drove around. Claimant was then transported to the 67<sup>th</sup> precinct.
- 11. At the precinct, Plaintiff was strip searched by officers and detained for approximately 3 hours.
- 12. Plaintiff was then transported to Central Booking, where he was detained for approximately 18 hours. Plaintiff was released from Central Booking without seeing a judge.
- 13. Upon information and belief, no charges against Plaintiff were ever filed as a result of this arrest.
- 14. On or about the 8th day of May, 2013, Plaintiff' Notice of Claim and Intention to sue was duly served upon and filed with the CITY; said Notice was filed within ninety (90) days after the cause of action herein accrued and set forth the name and post office address of

- Plaintiff, the nature of the claim, the time when, the place where, the manner in which the claim arose and the items of damage and injuries sustained.
- 15. That at least thirty (30) days have elapsed since the demand or claim upon which these actions are predicated was presented to CITY for adjustment or payment thereof and that it has neglected and/or refused to make adjustment or payment thereof.

### V. FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION Pursuant to § 1983 (FALSE ARREST)

- 16. Paragraphs 1 through 15 of this complaint are hereby realleged and incorporated by reference herein.
- 17. That Defendants had neither valid evidence for Plaintiff's arrest nor legal cause or excuse to seize and detain them.
- 18. That in detaining Plaintiff without a fair and reliable determination of probable cause,

  Defendant CITY abused its power and authority as a policymaker of the New York City

  Police Department under the color of State and/or local law. It is alleged that CITY, via

  his agents, servants and employees routinely charged persons with crimes they did not

  commit.
- 19. Upon information and belief, it was the policy and/or custom of Defendant CITY to inadequately supervise and train its officers, staff, agents and employees, thereby failing to adequately discourage further constitutional violations on the part of his officers, staff, agents and employees.
- 20. As a result of the above described policies and customs, the officers, staff, agents and employees of Defendant CITY believed that his actions would not be properly monitored by supervisory officers and that misconduct would not be investigated or sanctioned, but

- would be tolerated. In addition, the City of New York had and has a policy, custom, and/or practice of detaining persons for an excessive period of time prior to arraignment.
- 21. The above described policies and customs demonstrated a deliberate indifference on the part of the policymakers of the CITY to the constitutional rights of arrestees and were the cause of the violations of Plaintiff's rights alleged herein.
- 22. By reason of Defendants acts and omissions, Defendant CITY, acting under color of state law and within the scope of its authority, in gross and wanton disregard of Plaintiff's rights, subjected Plaintiff to an unlawful detention, in violation of the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution and the laws of the State of New York.
- 23. By reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff suffered physical injuries, mental injuries, deprivation of liberty and privacy, terror, humiliation, damage to reputation and other psychological injuries. All of said injuries may be permanent.

## VI. <u>SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION</u> Pursuant to State Law (FALSE ARREST)

- 24. Paragraphs 1 through 23 are hereby realleged and incorporated by reference herein.
- 25. That the seizure, detention and imprisonment of Plaintiff was unlawful in that Defendants had no probable cause to detain, arrest and/or imprison him.
- 26. That Defendants intended to confine Plaintiff.
- 27. That Plaintiff was conscious of the confinement and did not consent to it.
- 28. That the confinement was not otherwise privileged.
- 29. By reason of Defendants acts and omissions, Defendants, acting in gross and wanton disregard of Plaintiff's rights, deprived him of his liberty when they subjected him to an unlawful, illegal and excessive detention, in violation of State law.

30. That by reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff suffered physical injuries, mental injuries, economic injury, deprivation of liberty and privacy, terror, humiliation, damage to reputation and other psychological injuries. All of said injuries may be permanent.

## VII. THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION Pursuant to § 1983 (ILLEGAL STRIP SEARCH)

- 31. Paragraphs 1 through 30 are hereby realleged and incorporated by reference herein.
- 32. That Defendants strip searched Plaintiff absent a requisite reasonable suspicion that Plaintiff was concealing weapons or contraband.
- 33. That Defendants had no legally sufficient cause to strip search Plaintiff.
- 34. That by reason of Defendants acts and omissions, Defendants acting under color of State law and within the scope of his authority, in gross and wanton disregard of Plaintiff rights, subjected Plaintiff to an illegal strip search, in violation of his rights pursuant to the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution.
- 35. As a result of the above constitutionally impermissible conduct, Plaintiff were caused to suffer personal injuries, violation of civil rights, economic damages, emotional distress, anguish, anxiety, fear, humiliation, loss of freedom and damage to his reputation and standing within his community.

# VIII. FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION Pursuant to State Law (ILLEGAL STRIP SEARCH)

- 36. Paragraphs 1 through 35 are hereby realleged and incorporated by reference herein.
- 37. That Defendants strip searched Plaintiff absent a requisite reasonable suspicion that Plaintiff was concealing weapons or contraband.
- 38. That Defendants had no legally sufficient cause to strip search Plaintiff.

- 39. That by reason of Defendants acts and omissions, Defendants acting under color of State law and within the scope of his authority, in gross and wanton disregard of Plaintiff' rights, subjected Plaintiff to an illegal strip search violation of the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution and the laws of the State of New York.
- 40. As a result of the above constitutionally impermissible conduct, Plaintiff were caused to suffer personal injuries, violation of civil rights, economic damages, emotional distress, anguish, anxiety, fear, humiliation, loss of freedom and damage to his reputation and standing within his community.

## IX. <u>FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION</u> Pursuant to § 1983 (EXCESSIVE PRE-ARRAIGNMENT DETENTION)

- 41. Paragraphs 1 through 40 are hereby realleged and incorporated by reference herein.
- 42. That Defendants had no legal cause nor excuse to detain Plaintiff for a prolonged period prior to arraignment.
- 43. That Defendants detained Plaintiff excessively prior to arraignment in violation of Plaintiff's civil rights.
- 44. That Defendants detained Plaintiff with ill will and/or negligently.
- 45. That Defendants should have expeditiously investigated this matter and released Plaintiff.
- 46. By reason of Defendant's acts and omissions, Defendants, acting under color of state law and within the scope of its authority, in gross and wanton disregard of Plaintiff's rights, deprived Plaintiff of his liberty when it subjected him to an unlawful, illegal and excessive detention, in violation of his due process rights pursuant to the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution and the laws of the State of New York.

- 47. That in so acting, Defendant CITY, abused its power and authority as policymaker of the New York City Police Department under the color of State and/or local law.
- 48. That upon information and belief, in 2013, Defendant CITY had a policy or routine practice of detaining and imprisoning individuals for excessive periods prior to arraignment.
- 49. That upon information and belief, it was the policy and/or custom of Defendant CITY to inadequately train and supervise their officers, staff, agents and employees, thereby failing to adequately discourage further constitutional violations on the part of their officers, staff, agents and employees.
- 50. That as a result of the above described policies and customs, the officers, staff, agents and employees of Defendant CITY believed that their actions would not be properly monitored by supervisory officers and that misconduct would not be investigated or sanctioned, but would be tolerated.
- 51. That the above described policies and customs demonstrate a deliberate indifference on the part of the policymakers of Defendant NYPD to the constitutional rights of arrestees and were the cause of the violations of Plaintiff's rights alleged herein.
- 52. That Defendant, through its officers, agents and employees, unlawfully incarcerated Plaintiff for an excessive period of time prior to arraignment.
- 53. By reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff suffered mental injuries, economic injury, deprivation of property, liberty and privacy, terror, humiliation, damage to reputation and other psychological injuries. All of said injuries may be permanent.

### X. SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION Pursuant to State Law (PRE-ARRAIGNMENT DELAY)

54. Paragraphs 1 through 53 are hereby realleged and incorporated by reference herein.

- 55. Defendants negligently and/or intentionally failed to arraign Plaintiff promptly following his arrest as required by New York State and Federal laws, rules, regulations and statutes.
- 56. Said failure to promptly arraign Plaintiff caused his arrest to be void ab initio.
- 57. As a result of the above constitutionally impermissible conduct, plaintiff was caused to suffer personal injuries, violation of civil rights, economic damages, emotional distress, anguish, anxiety, fear, humiliation, loss of freedom and damage to his reputation and standing within his community.

### XI. <u>SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION</u> Pursuant to State Law (RESPONDEAT SUPERIOR)

- 58. Paragraphs 1 through 57 are hereby realleged and incorporated by reference herein.
- 59. That Defendants were acting in furtherance of the duties owed to his employer, defendant CITY.
- 60. That at all times Defendants were acting within the scope of his employment.
- 61. That Defendant CITY was able to exercise control over Defendants activities.
- 62. That Defendant CITY is liable for Defendants actions under the doctrine of respondent superior. By reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff suffered physical injuries, mental injuries, emotional injuries, economic injury, trauma, humiliation, terror, damage to reputation, and other psychological injuries. All of said injuries may be permanent.

#### **INJURY AND DAMAGES**

As a result of the acts and conduct complained of herein, Plaintiff have suffered and will continue to suffer, physical pain, emotional pain, suffering, permanent disability, inconvenience, injury to his reputation, loss of enjoyment of life, loss of liberty and other non-pecuniary losses. Plaintiff has further experienced severe emotional and physical distress.

### WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully request that judgment be entered:

- Awarding Plaintiff compensatory damages in a full and fair sum to be determined by a jury;
- 2. Awarding Plaintiff punitive damages in an amount to be determined by a jury;
- 3. Awarding Plaintiff interest from April 19, 2013;
- 4. Awarding Plaintiff reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to 42 USC §1988; and
- 5. Granting such other and further relief as to this Court deems proper.

DATED: Brooklyn, New York April 24, 2014

DAMID A. ZELMAN, ESQ.

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